

Universidad de La Laguna

Spectral Indices in the NIR for Studying Stellar Populations



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Abstract



So far, detailed stellar population studies, based on the absorption line strengths have been concentrated mainly in the optical spectral range. In this work, we supplement spectral indices of the Lick system in the optical with additional indices in the near-infrared (NIR). We optimised the definition of the indices to be sensitive to the main stellar population parameters, i.e. age, metallicity and stellar initial mass function (IMF) and fully characterized them with velocity dispersion, signal-to-noise ratio and elemental abundance ratio effects.



Spectroscopy-based Studies of Stellar Populations

- > Population synthesis analysis of galaxies have mainly focused on the optical wavelength.
- Recent advances in the NIR instruments like X-shooter, KMOS, and EMIR have made it possible to extend the stellar population studies into the NIR domain.
- > In this work, we introduce an optimized and fully characterized collection of spectral indices, covering the J, H and K bands of the NIR for stellar population analysis.
- > We show the potential of our newly defined NIR indices to the general ETG population study.





*Vazdekis et al. 2012,2016;Röck et al. 2016

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Index characterization

We characterized the indices as a function of velocity dispersion broadening, SNR requirement and elemental abundance variations. We also assessed the robustness of our indices against systematic uncertainties due to sky subtraction, telluric correction, etc.



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Application

We assessed the potential of our newly defined indices in the NIR for constraining the shape of the low-mass IMF.



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Future

- > This set of indices provides a basis for future NIR stellar population synthesis modeling.
- > Our NIR spectral indices can be used for future science conducted with the observations of NIR instruments such as EMIR, X-shooter, KMOS and JWST.



> We have defined a new set of spectral indices in the NIR, optimised and fully characterized for stellar population analysis.

