

JWST-MIRI Integral Field Spectroscopy of high- z galaxies.

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Abstract

Due to its sensitivity and spectral coverage, the James Webb Space Telescope (JWST) Mid-Infrared Instrument (MIRI) is optimum to detect the H_{α} emission line on sources at redshifts beyond 6.7. The European MIRI Guaranteed Time Observations (GTO, PI: G. Wright) will dedicate 65 hours to observe three Ly_{α} emitters (LAEs) and two quasars in the Epoch of Reionization (EoR), plus two dusty star-forming galaxies (DSFG) at $z \sim 4-7$. We present the realistic simulations we created in preparation for the MRS data expected for the High- z GTO program.